

與自己對話:英文寫作自我編修技巧



寫作教學中心 陳翊齊

ריניע איין

11/24/2020

Hello!

M.A. in Linguistics, Newcastle University

English Writing Fundamentals

English Writing for Academic Purposes



Table of Contents

- 01 段落架構
- 02 一致與連貫性
- 03 常見引用規則
- 04 線上寫作資源



1

段落架構

Paragraph Structure

- Topic Sentence
- Supporting Sentences
- Concluding Sentence



Example: Cell Phones and Driving

Many governments are responding aggressively to the threat that cell phones pose to safety on the road. In 2015, over 3,000 fatal car accidents in the U.S. alone involved drivers distracted by cell phone use (Snyder, 2016). Cell phone use also slows drivers' reaction times. As Nikkel (2015) says, "The reaction time of a 20-year-old driver using a cell phone is the same as that of a 70-year-old driver." Since research has proved the danger of phone-related distracted driving, it has been banned in countries around the world. For example, in Australia, Brazil, and the United Kingdom, drivers caught using a mobile device will face heavy fines. Governments hope that these laws will lead to safer communication practices and fewer phone-related car accidents.

Elements of a Paragraph

- Topic Sentence
 - ✓ Main Topic + Controlling Idea
- Supporting Sentences
 - ✓ Statistics (Research data)
 - ✓ Quotation (Proverbs, Conclusions)
 - ✓ Fact & Example (News, Stories)
- Concluding Sentence
 - ✓ Restatement
 - ✓ Summarization

2

一致與連貫性



Unity and Coherence

- Focusing on one topic
- Writing in logical order (e.g., paragraph structure)
- Repeating the key words
- Keeping pronoun consistency
- Arranging and connecting ideas

Unity—Focusing on the Topic

- 1. Analyze your Topic Sentence
- 2. See if every supporting sentence supports your Topic
- 3. Improve your Unity
 - > Remove irrelevant details
 - > Re-write your Topic Sentence



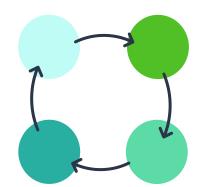
Always outline BEFORE drafting

Example

¹ Advances in medicine can come from surprising places, including water. ² Many scientists are interested in the medical uses of small aquatic animals. ³ They believe these animals are useful for new medical products. 4 Some ancient civilizations used berries and grasses for medical purposes. ⁵ These plantbased medicines were often quite effective. ⁶ In addition, these organisms may be used as models to understand human diseases. 7 Many years from now, sea creatures may help people lead healthier and longer lives. **Off-topic**

Coherence-Keeping the ideas connected

- 1. Repeat the key words or phrases
- 2. Keep your pronouns consistent
- 3. Arrange your ideas logically
- 4. Use transitional signals



Key Word Repetition & Pronoun Consistency

The root of a word is their most basic part. A prefix is another word part. Prefixes can be added to the beginning of words to change its meaning. Students who know a few Latin and Greek roots and prefixes have an advantage over a student who does not know them. They can often guess the meaning of new words. For example, if you know that the prefix omni means "all," you have a better chance of guessing the meanings of omnibus, omnipresent, and omniscient.

Key Word Repetition & Pronoun Consistency

The root of a **word** is their most basic part. A prefix is another word part. Prefixes can be added to the beginning of **words** to change its meaning. **Students** who know a few Latin and Greek students who do roots and prefixes have an advantage over a student who does not know them. **They** can often guess the meaning of new x students words. For example, if <u>you</u> know that the <u>prefix</u> omni means "all," thev you have a better chance of guessing the meanings of omnidirectional, omnipresent, and omniscient.

Logical Arrangements & Transition Signals

The advent of state-of-the-art technology in mobile communication has improved people's lives in several aspects. Firstly, cell phones largely boost efficiency and accuracy ... Additionally, with an array of social networking applications available, smart phones allow individuals to... For example, phone users can... In conclusion, such innovation changes how job duties are fulfilled and how people communicate.

Nevertheless, ...

Logical Arrangements & Transition Signals

The advent of state-of-the-art technology in mobile communication has improved people's lives in several aspects. **Firstly,** cell phones largely boost efficiency and accuracy... Additionally, with an array of social networking applications available, smart phone allow individuals to... For example, phone users can... **In conclusion**, such innovation changes how job duties are fulfilled and how people communicate.

Nevertheless, ...

3

常見引用規則

Common Citation Rules







Modern Language Association

Citation and Plagiarism

When you use outside-information as your support:

✓ Quote it

- "
- ✓ Paraphrase it



✓ Summarize it





Purpose: to avoid **plagiarism**

Direct Quotation

Reporting Verb

Dr. Michael Karsten (1997) **states**, "If you are especially gifted, you may win once, but from my experience you can't continue to win without drugs. The field is just too filled with drug users" (qtd. in Bamberger and Yaeger, **p. 62**).

Comma after reporting verb

Period after intext citation

Capitalize the first letter

Page number required

Direct Quotation (for texts over four lines)

A national news agency reported these survey results:

Several years ago [when] 198 teachers in the

2.54 cm city were asked how much time they spend on grammar teaching in the classroom, 75 teachers said they spent more than 90% of their time on grammar, 90 said they spent less than 10% of their time on grammar, and only 10 said they spent about 50% of their time on grammar (qtd. in Torralba 34).

Direct Quotation (for two-part quotations)

"A solely grammatical curriculum can prevent the children from learning how to communicate," warns the Association for Childhood English Learning, "yet grammar in some amount is required for a learner to become highly proficient" (qtd. in Torralba 26).

Capitalize ONLY the first word of the quoted sentence

Direct Quotation (ellipsis and brackets)

As Henry Goodman, a young Inupiat man, comments, "Listening to the elders... speak the language, I couldn't understand [anything]."

Use ellipsis (...) to omit words

Use brackets [] to add words

Direct Quotation (quote within quote)

A student said, "When I first started learning English, I would say things like 'he go' or 'I no have'" (qtd. in Jones 14).

regular quotation marks ""
for quotations

D

Single quotation marks "for intra-quotational quotations

"She told me, 'I wish I could help,"" Tim said.

Oh, poor Tim.

Indirect Quotation

Reporting Verb

Dr. Michael Karsten (1997) **points out that** in order to keep on winning, it is commonly observed that an athlete may take drugs.

Basic Information (Name & Year) required

Reporting Verb + that + noun clause

Paraphrase the source statement(s)

Paraphrase and Summary Tips

Original:

Language is the main means of communication between peoples. But so many different languages have developed that language has often been a barrier rather than an aid to understanding among peoples. For many years, people have dreamed of setting up an international universal language which all people could speak and understand. The arguments in favor of a universal language are simple and obvious. If all peoples spoke the same tongue, cultural and economic ties might be much closer, and good will might increase between countries. (85 words)

Paraphrase and Summary Tips

Paraphrase:

Humans communicate through language. Because there are so many different languages, **however**, people around the world have a difficult time understanding one another. Some people have wished for a universal international language that could be understood by speakers around the world. Their reasons are **straightforward** and **clear**. A universal language would build cultural and economic bonds. It would also create better feelings among countries (Kispert, 2005). (64 words)

Synonym

Part of Speech

Sentence Structure

Voice

Transition Signal

Paraphrase and Summary Tips

Summary:

People communicate through language; however, having different languages creates communication barriers. A universal language could bring countries together culturally and economically as well as increase good feelings among them (Kispert, 2005). (25 words)

Take Notes of the Key Words



Read Your Own Note



Write the Summary Based on your Note

Quotation vs. Paraphrase vs. Summary

	Quotation	Paraphrase	Summary
Citation info	Y	Y	Y
Meaning	exactly the same	the same idea(s) + different words and SS	the key idea(s) + one's words and SS
Length	original text + direct quotation punctuation	slightly shorter than the original text	(much) shorter than the original text



Collocations "research"

Online OXFORD Collocation Dictionary

Q

research noun

ADJ. detailed, in-depth, painstaking | extensive He has carried out extensive research into renewable energy sources. | basic | original | further | ground-breaking, pioneering pioneering research into skin disease | collaborative | empirical | academic, clinical, historical, medical, military, scientific, social, space | AIDS, cancer, etc. | animal calling for a ban on animal research | market

QUANT. piece a startling piece of historical research

VERB + RESEARCH carry out, conduct, do, undertake She's doing research on Czech music between the wars. |
be based on One paper based on research conducted at Oxford suggested that the drug may cause brain damage.
RESEARCH + VERB demonstrate sth, indicate sth, prove sth, reveal sth, show sth, suggest sth What have their researches shown? | produce sth, yield sth Recent research on deaf children has produced some interesting findings about their speech.

RESEARCH + NOUN degree | effort, programme, project, work directing the group's research effort | methods | findings, results | purposes Copies of the tape can be made for research purposes. | centre, institute, laboratory | assistant, group, student, team, worker | grant

PREP. ~ in Most research in the field has concentrated on the effects on children. | ~ into/on They are carrying out

Collocations "effect"

<u>VERB + EFFECT</u> bring about, exert, have, produce The drug exerts a powerful effect on the brain. | take The medicine started to take effect after a few minutes. | feel, experience, suffer (from) Women feel the effects of alcohol more quickly than men. | recover from | observe | show | assess, determine, estimate, examine, measure, study ameliorate, cushion, lessen, minimize, mitigate, reduce, soften to minimize the effects of economic change cancel out | counter, counteract, offset | compound, magnify, maximize | avoid | aim at That is precisely the effect I was aiming at. | be worried about, fear | underestimate | ignore EFFECT + VERB spread | last | wear off How soon will the effects of the drug wear off?

PREP. in ~ The border closure meant, in effect, that no trade took place between the countries. | to this/that ~ They told us to go away, or words to that effect. | with ... ~ The plague struck London again with devastating effect. | ~ on/upon The dry weather had an adverse effect on the potato crops.

PHRASES cause and effect key historical concepts such as cause and effect to little/no effect The airconditioning came on, to little effect.



"Writing is not that easy, but Grammarly can help!"

Take Your Writing from Good to Great

Unlock Grammarly Premium's advanced features to improve your academic writing.

Free

Helps with:

- Spelling
- Grammar
- Punctuation

Continue to Grammarly

Premium BEST FOR STUDENTS

Helps with:

Plagiarism

Detect plagiarism in your text.

Conciseness

Make every sentence concise.

Readability

Make every sentence easy to read.

Word choice

Find vibrant words to enliven your message.

Fluency

Ensure your word choice sounds natural and fluent.

Level up with Premium

\$11.66/month when billed annually

Discover all Premium features >

Thanks!

Any questions?



freddyycchen@gmail.com

More AWEC events!



Scan Me!

